Dacus (Lophodacus) magnificus White & Goodger

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Size. Medium, wing length, 6.7-6.9 mm.

Male

Head: Pedicel+first flagellomere not longer than ptilinal suture. Face, antennal furrow with a very small vertically elongate spot, adjacent lower facial margin; Frons, frontal setae 2, orbital setae 1.

Thorax: Scutum red-brown, without any distinct darker areas; postpronotal lobe concolorous with scutum; notopleural callus white; notopleural suture xanthine absent; lateral and medial postsutural vittae absent. Scutellum dorsally concolorous with scutum, laterally white. Anepisternum with a narrow white stripe from notopleural callus to katepisternum; extended onto katepisternum. Lateroterga without a xanthine. Thoracic setae. Anterior notopleural seta present; anterior supra-alar seta absent.

Wing: Basal cell bc without an almost complete covering of microtrichia; cell c with an almost complete (>90%) covering of microtrichia; cell bm without microtrichia. Narrow subbasal raised section of cell br with only a few microtrichia. Crossvein R-M in apical quarter of cell dm. Costal band reduced; cells c and sc coloured; large apical spot which extends below vein M and includes both R-M and DM-Cu crossveins. Anal streak absent (at most with a trace of colour confined to cell bcu). Cell bc hyaline. Without any crossbanding.

Legs: Femora orange-brown.

Abdomen: Orange-brown, without any distinct darker marks; broadest at tergite V (based on paratype female; holotype male distorted). Tergites I-V all fused. Ceromata present. Tergite III with pecten, dense microtrichia adjacent end A_1+Cu_2 , and hindtibia preapical pad.

Female

As male. Aculeus pointed.

(Description after White & Goodger, 2009)