## Ceratitis (Ceratalaspis) lunata Munro

Ceratitis (Pardalaspis) lunata Munro, 1935: 305.

Body length: 4.49 (3.85-5.00) mm; wing length: 4.65 (4.40-4.90) mm.

Male

Head. Antenna yellow-orange. Third antennal segment slightly more than twice as long as second segment. Arista distinctly plumose. Frons with short scattered hairs which are largely the same colour as frons, sometimes slightly darker; convex, in lateral view not distinctly projecting forwards at antennal implant. Chaetotaxy normal for subgenus.

Thorax. Postpronotum white, with relatively small black spot. Ground colour of mesonotum pale with orange tinge; mesonotal pattern, prescutellar spots not touching intra-alar spots, median sutural spot missing. Chaetotaxy normal for subgenus. Inner scapular setae pale, outer ones black. One anepisternal bristle. Scutellum white basally, otherwise yellow with three black separate markings apically; basally with two dark spots. Subscutellum pale with three dark separate spots, except along dorsal margin where touching.

Legs yellow; setation typical for subgenus, mainly pale especially on femora. Posterior and posterodorsal rows on fore femur pale.

Wing bands with markings extensively yellow. Banding, marginal band continuous; cubital band free; medial band absent; crossvein r-m at middle of discal cell. Crossvein dm-cu posteriorly more inwards than anteriorly.

Abdomen. More or less brownish. Setation and banding typical for subgenus.

Female.

As male except for the following characters: arista with slightly shorter hairs. Postpronotal spot larger. Outer scapular seta (only present in paralectotype) reddish (inner missing in all specimens).

Subscutellum completely dark. Wing with crossvein dm-cu posteriorly more outwards than anteriorly. Abdomen yellow in paratype. Oviscape shorter than abdominal terga 3-6 combined.

(Description after De Meyer, 1998)