

***Dacus (Didacus) pullescens* Munro**

*Dacus (Didacus) pullescens* Munro, 1948b: 23

Wing length, 5.6-5.8 mm.

Head. Pedicel+1st flagellomere not longer than ptilinal suture. Face, antennal furrow with a long dark stripe. Frons, frontal setae 2;

Thorax. Scutum predominantly red-brown; postpronotal lobe yellow, bicoloured, or concolorous with scutum; notopleural callus yellow; notopleural xanthine wedge shaped (connected to notopleural callus); lateral and medial postsutural vitta absent. Scutellum with a deep basal band or shallow basal red-brown triangle. Anepisternum with a narrow stripe from notopleural callus to (or almost to) katapisternum; extended onto katapisternum. Laterotegal xanthine very small and confined to katatergite. Thoracic setae. Anterior notopleural seta usually absent, at most a thin white seta present; anterior supra-alar seta absent.

Wing. Basal cells bc and c without an almost complete covering of microtrichia; cell bm without microtrichia. Narrow subbasal raised section of cell br with extensive covering of microtrichia. Crossvein R-M beyond middle of cell dm. Costal band complete; shallow, not or only slightly extending below vein  $R_{2+3}$  before wing apex (except basally filling cell r1); apically expanded into a spot which reaches about mid-depth of cell  $r_{4+5}$ . Anal streak present (colour extending beyond cell bcu). Cell bc hyaline; cell c slightly coloured (not as deep as costal band). Without any crossbanding.

Legs. Fore- and midfemora red-brown; hindfemur bicoloured (pale basally, red-brown apically).

Abdomen. Predominantly red-brown; shape and patterning, see image. Tergites I-V all fused.

Male. Tergite III with pecten, dense microtrichia adjacent end  $A_1+Cu_2$ , and hindtibia preapical "pad". Basal costal sections without specialised setae.

Female. Aculeus blunt and with preapical "shoulder"; complete torsion.

(Description after White, 2006)