Dacus (Didacus) pamelae (Munro)

Lactodacus pamelae Munro, 1984: 97

Wing length, 4.5 mm.

Head. Pedicel+1st flagellomere not longer than ptilinal suture. Face, antennal furrow with a dark spot. Frons, frontal setae 2, orbital seta 1.

Thorax. Scutum predominantly red-brown; postpronotal lobe yellow to bicoloured; notopleural callus yellow; notopleural xanthine absent; lateral and medial postsutural vitta absent. Scutellum without any dark patterning (except for basal dark margin). Anepisternum with a stripe from notopleural callus to (or almost to) katepisternum; not extended onto katepisternum. Laterotergal xanthine confined to katatergite. Thoracic setae. Anterior notopleural seta absent; anterior supraalar seta absent.

Wing. Basal cells bc and c without an almost complete covering of microtrichia; cell bm without microtrichia. Narrow subbasal raised section of cell br with extensive covering of microtrichia. Crossvein R-M beyond middle of cell dm. Costal band complete; shallow, not extending below vein R_{2+3} before wing apex; expanded into a small spot at apex. Anal streak present (colour extending beyond cell bcu). Cells bc and c hyaline. Without any crossbanding. Legs. Femora pale; hindfemur showing a slight tendency to bicoloured (pale basally, reddish-brown apically).

Abdomen. Predominantly fulvous; shape and patterning, see image. Tergites I-V all fused.

Male. Unknown.

Female. Aculeus blunt and with preapical "shoulder"; complete torsion.

(Description after White, 2006)