Dacus (Didacus) mulgens Munro

Dacus mulgens Munro, 1932: 156

Wing length, 4.9-5.7 mm.

Head. Pedicel+first flagellomere not longer than ptilinal suture. Face, antennal furrow with a dark spot. Frons, frontal setae 2, orbital seta 1.

Thorax. Scutum predominantly red-brown; postpronotal lobe yellow; notopleural callus yellow; notopleural xanthine wedge shaped (connected to notopleural callus); lateral and medial postsutural vitta absent. Scutellum without any dark patterning (except for basal dark margin, which is sometimes deep).

Anepisternum with a stripe from notopleural callus to (or almost to)

katepisternum; extended onto katepisternum. Laterotergal xanthine confined to katatergite. Thoracic setae. Anterior notopleural seta absent; anterior supra-alar seta absent.

Wing. Basal cells bc and c without an almost complete covering of microtrichia; cell bm without microtrichia. Narrow subbasal raised section of cell br with extensive covering of microtrichia. Crossvein R-M beyond middle of cell dm. Costal band reduced to a very narrow band, often absent or barely discernable, and a small apical spot. Anal streak variable (sometimes confined to within bcu) [possibly confused by somewhat teneral specimens]. Cells bc and c hyaline. Without any crossbanding.

Legs. Fore- and midfemora pale to reddish-brown; hindfemur bicoloured (pale basally, red-brown apically).

Abdomen. Predominantly red-brown; shape and patterning, see image (CD-C). Tergites I-V all fused.

Male. Tergite III with pecten, dense microtrichia adjacent end A₁+Cu₂, and hindtibia preapical "pad". Basal costal sections without specialised setae. Female. Aculeus blunt and with preapical "shoulder"; aculeus apex beyond "shoulders" slightly broader than long; complete torsion.

(Description after White, 2006)