

***Dacus (Dacus) yangambinus* Munro**

Dacus yangambinus Munro, 1984: 51

Wing length, 6.1-6.3 mm.

Head. Pedicel+1st flagellomere not longer than ptilinal suture. Face, antennal furrow with a dark spot. Frons, frontal setae 2, orbital seta 1.

Thorax. Scutum predominantly red-brown; postpronotal lobe yellow; notopleural callus yellow; notopleural xanthine isolated from notopleural callus; lateral and medial postsutural vittae present. Scutellum without any dark patterning (except for basal dark margin). Anepisternum with a stripe from notopleural callus to (or almost to) katepisternum; extended onto katepisternum. Laterotergal xanthine on katatergite; poorly defined separate spot on anatergite. Thoracic setae. Anterior notopleural seta present; anterior supra-alar seta present.

Wing. Basal cells bc and c without an almost complete covering of microtrichia; cell bm without microtrichia. Narrow subbasal raised section of cell br with extensive covering of microtrichia. Crossvein R-M beyond middle of cell dm. Costal band complete; fairly deep, extending below vein R_{2+3} or to vein R_{4+5} , before wing apex; expanded into a small spot at apex. Anal streak present (colour extending beyond cell bcu). Cells bc and c hyaline. Without any crossbanding.

Legs. Fore- and midfemur bicoloured (pale basally, red-brown apically); forefemur sometimes only red-brown preapically; hindfemur pale.

Abdomen. Red-brown, patterned black; shape and patterning, see image.

Tergites I-V all fused.

Male. Tergite III with pecten, dense microtrichia adjacent end A_1+Cu_2 , and hindtibia preapical "pad". Basal costal sections without specialised setae.

Female. Aculeus pointed (broader than *D. durbanensis*); no torsion.

(Description after White, 2006)