

***Dacus (Dacus) venetatus* Munro**

Dacus (Didacus) venetatus Munro, 1939a: 26

Wing length, 6.5-6.8 mm.

Head. Pedicel+1st flagellomere not longer than ptilinal suture. Face, antennal furrow with a dark spot. Frons, frontal setae 2, orbital seta 1.

Thorax. Scutum predominantly red-brown; postpronotal lobe concolorous with scutum; notopleural callus yellow; notopleural xanthine isolated from notopleural callus; lateral and medial postsutural vittae present. Scutellum with a deep basal band or shallow basal red-brown triangle. Anepisternum with a very narrow stripe from notopleural callus to (or almost to) katepisternum; extended onto katepisternum. Lateroterga without a xanthine. Thoracic setae. Anterior notopleural seta present; anterior supra-alar seta absent.

Wing. Basal cells bc and c without an almost complete covering of microtrichia; cell bm without microtrichia. Narrow subbasal raised section of cell br with extensive covering of microtrichia. Crossvein R-M beyond middle of cell dm. Costal band complete; deep, reaching vein R_{4+5} but paler below R_{2+3} than above; indistinctly expanded into a spot; remainder of wing slightly fumose. Anal streak present (colour extending beyond cell bcu). Cells bc and c slightly coloured (not as deeply as costal band). Without any crossbanding.

Legs. Fore- and midfemora red-brown; forefemur sometimes only darkened preapically, or tending to bicoloured (pale basally, red-brown apically); hindfemur bicoloured (pale basally, red-brown apically).

Abdomen. Predominantly red-brown; shape and patterning, see image. Tergites I-V all fused.

Male. Tergite III with pecten, dense microtrichia adjacent end A_1+Cu_2 , and hindtibia preapical "pad". Basal costal sections without specialised setae.

Female. No available data.

(Description after White, 2006)