

Dacus (Dacus) humeralis (Bezzi)

[*Dacus*] *Tridacus humeralis* Bezzi, 1915: 95

Wing length, 6.3-7.7 mm.

Head. Pedicel+first flagellomere not longer than ptilinal suture. Face, antennal furrow with a dark spot. Frons, frontal setae 2, orbital seta 1.

Thorax. Scutum red-brown to black; postpronotal lobe usually entirely dark (sometimes not quite as dark as scutum), sometimes bicoloured (pale anteriorly) or if pale, always darker than postsutural vittae; notopleural callus yellow; notopleural xanthine isolated from notopleural callus; lateral and medial postsutural vittae present. Scutellum without any dark patterning (except for basal dark margin, which is sometimes deep). Anepisternum with a narrow stripe from notopleural callus to (or almost to) katepisternum; extended onto katepisternum. Laterotergal xanthine absent (especially East Africa) or confined to katatergite (especially West Africa). Thoracic setae. Anterior notopleural seta present; anterior supra-alar seta present (sometimes very thin).

Wing. Basal cells bc and c without an almost complete covering of microtrichia; cell bm without microtrichia. Narrow subbasal raised section of cell br with extensive covering of microtrichia. Crossvein R-M beyond middle of cell dm.

Costal band complete; deep, reaching vein R_{4+5} (or below) but paler below R_{2+3} than above; barely expanded at apex. Anal streak present (colour extending beyond cell bcu). Cell bc hyaline; cell c slightly coloured (not as deep as costal band). Crossbanding, when present, as a diffuse (or diffuse edged) crossband along R-M, sometimes narrow but sometimes broadly triangular. Not fumose.

Legs. Fore- and midfemora red-brown; hindfemur bicoloured (pale basally, red-brown apically).

Abdomen. Predominantly fuscous; shape and patterning, see image (CD-C).

Tergites I-V all fused.

Male. Tergite III with pecten, dense microtrichia adjacent end A_1+Cu_2 , and hindtibia preapical "pad". Basal costal sections without specialised setae.

Female. Aculeus pointed (in lateral view, sharply narrowed just before apex; see image of *D. eclipsis*); no torsion.

(Description after White, 2006)