## Dacus (Dacus) bidens (Curran)

Tridacus bidens Curran, 1927: 88

Wing length, 5.0 mm.

Head. Pedicel+1st flagellomere not longer than ptilinal suture. Face, black. Frons, frontal setae 2, orbital setae 0-1.

Thorax. Scutum predominantly black; postpronotal lobe bicoloured; notopleural callus yellow; notopleural xanthine isolated from notopleural callus; lateral postsutural vitta absent; medial present. Scutellum without any dark patterning (except for basal dark margin). Anepisternum with a stripe from notopleural callus to (or almost to) katepisternum; extended onto katepisternum. Laterotergal xanthine confined to katatergite. Thoracic setae. Anterior notopleural seta present; anterior supra-alar seta present.

Wing. Basal cells bc and c without an almost complete covering of microtrichia; cell bm without microtrichia. Narrow subbasal raised section of cell br with extensive covering of microtrichia. Crossvein R-M beyond middle of cell dm. Costal band complete; very deep, extending below vein R<sub>4+5</sub> before wing apex; apically expanded into a spot which reaches about mid-depth of cell r<sub>4+5</sub>. Anal streak present (colour extending beyond cell bcu). Cell bc hyaline; cell c slightly coloured (not as deep as costal band). Crossbanding; crossband on R-M. Legs. Femora bicoloured (pale basally, and fuscous to black apically). Abdomen. Predominantly black; shape and patterning, see image. Tergites I-V all fused.

Male. Tergite III with some very fine hairs (possible vestigial pecten); lacking hindtibia preapical "pad". Basal costal sections without specialised setae. Female. Unknown.

(Description after White, 2006)