Dacus (Psilodacus) chapini Curran

Dacus chapini Curran, 1927: 86.

Wing length, 3.8-5.2 mm.

Head. Pedicel+1st flagellomere not longer than ptilinal suture. Face, antennal furrow without a dark spot; upper area sometimes dark. Frons, frontal setae 1-2, orbital setae 0-1.

Thorax. Scutum predominantly black; postpronotal lobe yellow; notopleural callus yellow; notopleural xanthine isolated from notopleural callus (often apparently absent); lateral and medial postsutural vitta absent. Scutellum without any dark patterning (except for basal dark margin). Anepisternum with a stripe from notopleural callus to (or almost to) katepisternum; extended onto katepisternum. Laterotergal xanthine confined to katatergite. Thoracic setae. Anterior notopleural seta present; anterior supra-alar seta absent.

Wing. Basal cells bc and c without an almost complete covering of microtrichia; cell bm without microtrichia. Narrow subbasal raised section of cell br with extensive covering of microtrichia. Crossvein R-M beyond middle of cell dm. Costal band complete; deep near base but not reaching below vein R_{2+3} before apex; expanded into a small spot at apex. Anal streak absent (at most with a trace of colour confined to cell bcu). Cells bc and c hyaline. Crossbanding, when present, confined to a small mark at upper end of R-M.

Legs. Femora pale coloured.

Abdomen. Predominantly black; shape and patterning, see image. Tergites I-V all fused.

Male. Tergite III without pecten. Basal costal sections without specialised setae. Female. Aculeus pointed; no torsion.

(Description after White, 2006)