## Trirhithrum argenteocuneatum Hancock

Trirhithrum argenteocuneatum Hancock, 1984: 293.

Wing length=2.7-3.5 mm; Aculeus length=0.72 mm.

Male

Head: Arista plumose. Two pairs frontal setae. Face dark.

Thorax: Postpronotal lobe entirely dark or pale laterally. Scutum with silvery-white microtrichose covering anteriorly, shaped as an inverted V. Scutellum disk dark; margin not marked with pale spots baso-laterally or adjacent to apical setae. An episternum largely red-brown; dorsal edge pale (line continuous with that on postpronotum); one seta. Anatergite (best viewed from behind) with a bright silvery spot.

Wing: Pattern distinct. Subbasal and discal crossbands fused posterior to Rs and cell c extensively hyaline; discal crossband distally aligned with a point distal to pterostigma. Subapical crossband joined to discal crossband; base narrow, largely or entirely confined to cell  $r_{4+5}$ . Posterior apical crossband complete, extending from vein C to wing margin. Anal lobe largely hyaline. An isolated dark round spot at end of vein  $A_1+Cu_2$  (bulla).

Legs: Femora pale.

Abdomen: Without grey/silvery microtrichose spots/bands.

Female

As in male except: face pale in most of lower half (discoloured in type series); scutum lacking any distinct microtrichose covering; femora dark; wing without a bulla. Aculeus short, stout and pointed (appears asymmetric under a coverslip; dorsal view apparently similar to *T. meladiscum*; spermatheca bulbous (similar to *T. senex*).

(description after White et al., 2003)